

## CITY OF COLUMBIA, MISSOURI

## COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
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BUILDING AND SITE DEVELOPMENT
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## **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

February 14, 2013

TO:

Planning and Zoning Commission

FROM:

Staff

RE:

Sidewalk Master Plan Update

Please review the draft 2012 Sidewalk Master Plan update for discussion at the February 21, 2013 work session. Staff will forward the plan to the Council along with any comments or recommendations made by the Commission. One change has been made to the draft since the review draft presented at the December 6, 2012 work session. Appendix item A-8 previously included the subdivision sidewalk variance policy resolution adopted in 2001; this has been removed and replaced with the most recent policy resolution, attached (adopted in 2006).

Per request of the Commission, the City Public Works Capital Improvement division has compiled an average cost per linear foot for the last two years of bidding for paved trails and sidewalk projects at \$128. When the paved trails are removed, the cost is \$132 per linear foot. Please note the bids ranged from 5 to 10' wide sidewalks (the City minimum standard is 5'). Staff did not include information for road projects which included a sidewalk as it is difficult to break out the sidewalk portion of a total street construction project; merely calculating the cost for Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk does not account for major items like grading, storm drainage, bridges, contractor mobilization, traffic control, utility relocation, etc.

As to the question of the Commission of the cost difference between public vs. private sector projects, Public Works did not have data on private sector projects, but found an article online which may of interest: Prus, Mark. 1996 "The Effect of State Prevailing Wage Laws on Total Construction Costs." Working Paper, Southern University of New York, Cortland. The results showed that public construction was 32% more expensive than private construction in states without prevailing wage laws. Controlling for differences between public and private construction, there were no statistically significant cost effects related to prevailing wage laws. Prus attributes the cost differences to government specifications and building design, i.e., the public sector has more exacting standards.

If you have additional questions, please contact Planner Rachel Bacon or Senior Planner Mitch Skov at 573-874-7239.

Project	Design complete, start bidding cycle	Estimated in service	Total as built cost	notes	Length of sidewalk (ft)	Cost per linear foot	
County House Trail Ph 1	Apr-10	Sep-11	935,000	10' wide trail	7400	\$126	
Broadway Sidewalk -							
Fairview to Stadium	Jan-11	Oct-11	140,000	6' wide sidewalk	1910	\$73	
Walnut Sidewalk - William to				Sidewalk varying from 6 to 10'			
Old 63	Apr-11	Dec-11	245,000	width, some retaining wall	1400	\$175	
763 Sidewalk - Business							
Loop to Big Bear	Apr-11	Apr-12		Sidewalk varies 5-6'	3550	\$146	
Stadium MKT Connector	Apr-11	May-12	115,000	10' wide trail	1050	\$110	·

Average cost per linear foot = \$128

Project	complete, start bidding cycle	Estimated in service	Total as built cost	notes	Length of sidewalk (ft)	Cost per linear foot	
Broadway Sidewalk - Fairview to Stadium	Jan-11	Oct-11	140,000	6' wide sidewalk	1910	\$73	
Walnut Sidewalk - William to Old 63	Apr-11	Dec-11		Sidewalk varying from 6 to 10' width, some retaining wall	1400	\$175	
763 Sidewalk - Business Loop to Big Bear	Apr-11	Apr-12	520,000	Sidewalk varies 5-6'	3550	\$146	

Introduced by Hirdman Council Bill No. PR 48-06 A

## A POLICY RESOLUTION

establishing a policy on requests for variances to subdivision regulation requirements for construction of sidewalks along unimproved streets.

WHEREAS, Chapter 25 of the City Code generally requires sidewalks to be constructed on both sides of all streets within a subdivision; and

WHEREAS, the City frequently receives requests for variances from these requirements when development occurs along unimproved streets which are not being constructed or reconstructed as part of the subdivision; and

WHEREAS, the City is committed to assuring safe pedestrian accommodations throughout the City while recognizing that there are occasions when standard sidewalks are not appropriate at the time of subdivision or development; and

WHEREAS, the City Council deems it necessary to adopt a policy statement to serve as a guide in reviewing and acting on requests for variances for sidewalks along unimproved streets in the City.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COLUMBIA, MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The City Council shall review each request for a sidewalk variance along an unimproved street in the context that there must be a reasonable relationship between the proposed activity of a landowner and the requirement that the landowner construct a sidewalk and in the context that the public safety and welfare make it desirable to encourage pedestrian movement by providing safe walkways and sidewalks away from traffic lanes of streets.

SECTION 2. The City Council shall grant the requested variance without conditions only if it determines that the sidewalk is not needed or that the impact of the proposed development does not justify the requirement that the sidewalk be constructed.

SECTION 3. In determining the need for a sidewalk variance and in determining whether the impact of the proposed development justifies the requirement that the sidewalk be constructed, the City Council shall consider but not be limited to the following factors:

 The cost of constructing the sidewalk relative to the cost of the proposed development;

- Whether the terrain is such that sidewalks or walkways are physically feasible;
- c. Whether the sidewalk would be located in a developed area, on a low traffic volume local street without sidewalks;
- d. Current or future parks, schools or other pedestrian generators near the development for which a sidewalk or walkway would provide access.

SECTION 4. If the City Council finds that the proposed use of the land would justify the requirement that a sidewalk be constructed and that in the interest of public safety and welfare there is an immediate or near future need for a sidewalk or walkway at the location of the variance request, the City Council will approve the variance request only if an alternative walkway is provided or if the property owner pays the City for future construction of the sidewalk pursuant to Section 7 or if some other equitable arrangement for construction of a sidewalk or other pedestrian infrastructure improvement is made.

SECTION 5. Alternative walkways are defined as all weather pedestrian facilities constructed in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Public Works Department. Alternative walkways may deviate in vertical and horizontal separation from the roadway in order to take advantage of natural contours and minimize the disturbance to trees and natural areas but must meet all requirements for handicap accessibility. Alternative walkways must be located on public easements but a walkway easement may be conditioned that if the walkways are no longer needed for a public purpose, the walkway easements will be vacated.

SECTION 6. When alternative walkways are permitted, plans, specifications and easements must be submitted prior to approval of the final plat abutting the unimproved street and construction must occur prior to the first certificate of occupancy within the platted area.

SECTION 7. If the City Council determines that the public safety and welfare would not be jeopardized, the Council may allow the property owner, in lieu of constructing an alternative walkway, to pay the City the equivalent cost of construction of a conventional sidewalk. The equivalent cost of construction of a conventional sidewalk shall be defined as the City's average cost of constructing portland cement concrete sidewalks by public bid during the two (2) calendar years prior to the year in which the variance request is submitted. Payment of the equivalent cost of a conventional sidewalk shall occur:

a. Prior to approval of the first final plat when the variance is approved in connection with a preliminary plat;

- b. Prior to issuance of the first building permit when approved with a final plat or planned development where no variance request has been made with the preliminary plat; or
- c. Prior to issuance of the certificate of occupancy when variance requests are approved on individual lots where final plats have been approved without variance request.

Each payment made under this section shall be used to construct a sidewalk along the unimproved street adjacent to the property for which the payment was made. The sidewalk shall be constructed when the street is constructed to City standards.

SECTION 8. In all cases, when alternative walkways or payments under Section 7 are approved as fulfilling the subdivision requirements for construction of sidewalks, the action of Council shall be noted on a final plat of the properties affected. In cases where final plats have been previously approved, re-platting may be required.

SECTION 9. The grant of a variance to the subdivision regulations requirement for construction of a sidewalk shall not affect the power of the City Council to later install a sidewalk adjacent to the property and levy a special assessment against the property for construction of the sidewalk.

SECTION 10. This resolution replaces Policy Resolution 171-01A which is hereby repealed in its entirety.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Counselor